

HOLISTIC MANAGEMENT OF EMERGING FOREST PESTS AND DISEASES

CONSORTIUM 🚣

22 partners around the globe

DURATION E

October 2018 – September 2022

WEBSITE *

homed-project.eu

PROJECT COORDINATOR &

Hervé Jactel Institut national de la recherche agronomique (INRA) herve.jactel@inra.fr

HOMED.EU f

@ProjectHomed >

PARTNERS

- National Institute of Agricultural Research (INRA)
- Alliance Forêt Bois ® (AFB)
- CAB International (CABI)
- Institute of Zoology, Chinese Academy of Science (CAS)
- Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research
 Organisation (CSIRO)
- National Research Council (CNR)
- Coventry University (CU)
- Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research (WSL)
- European Forest Institute (EFI)
- INRA Transfert (IT)
- School of Agronomy University of Lisbon (ISA)

- Mendel University in Brno (MENDELU)
- New Zealand Forest Research Institute Limited (SCION)
- Pensoft Publishers (Pensoft)
- Royal Horticultural Society (RHS)
- Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences (SLU)
- Telespazio ® (TPZF)
- The University of Queensland (UQ)
- United States Forest Service (USDA FS)
- University of Padua (UNIPD)
- University of Pretoria (UP)
- Wageningen University (WU)

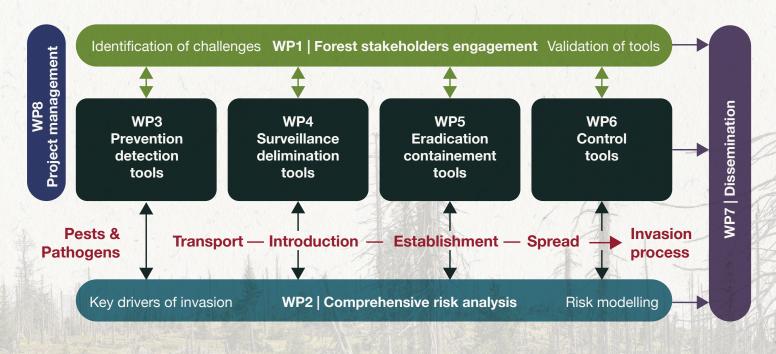


BACKGROUND

Forests are the highest ranked land cover type in Europe. They provide numerous goods and services of benefit to people. In the last decades, a growing list of introduced non-native **pests and pathogens** (PnPs) have been causing dramatic losses to European trees and forests.

AIM

Adopting a holistic and multi-actor approach, HOMED aims to develop a full panel of scientific knowledge and practical solutions for the management of emerging native and non-native **pests and pathogens (PnPs)** threatening European forests.



HOMED WILL

AT A SCIENTIFIC LEVEL

- Improve the understanding drivers for forest PnPs emergence or invasion;
- Provide quantitative and spatialized predictions on PnPs introduction, establishment and spread;
- Develop a generic framework for economic assessment of PnPs risk mitigation options;
- Enhance knowledge on natural regulation of invasive tree or forest PnPs;
- Identify best options for eradication, containment and control of emerging or invasive PnPs.

AT A TECHNOLOGICAL LEVEL

- Identify genetic markers for any new threatening PnPs species;
- Perform ground detection and surveillance;
- Analyse images of PnPs symptoms on trees sent by professionals and citizens;
- Monitor PnPs affected areas;
- Develop integrated PnPs eradication strategies;
- Design advanced classical and conservation biological control methods;
- Control PnPs at an individual tree level.

AT A RISK MANAGEMENT LEVEL

- Contribute to the prevention, detection, diagnosis, eradication or control of new PnPs;
- Aid for forest stakeholders to make the most appropriate response during the pest invasion and emergence processes;
- Help choose the best options for the eradication, containment or control of emerging and invasive PnPs.

★ homed-project.eu